

**Exam 2 for Math 313** Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1.

2. (11) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ .

a) Are the columns of  $A$  linearly independent? Explain.

b) If  $A$  has an inverse, find it.

c)  $A \cdot A^{-1} =$

3. (10) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ 8 & -20 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find all  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $B$  so that  $A \cdot B = 0$ .

4. (14) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 52 \\ 7 & -18 \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine if the following two subsets of  $M_{2 \times 2}$  are subspaces.

(a) Let  $H$  be the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $B$  so that  $A \cdot B = B \cdot A$ .

(b) Let  $H$  be the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $B$  so that  $A \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

5. (12) Find the inverses of the following matrices.

(a)  $A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

6. (8) Let  $A$  be a  $9 \times 13$  matrix. If a basis for  $\text{Nul}(A)$  consists of five vectors, can the columns of  $A$  span  $R^9$ ? Explain.

7. (33) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 57 & -44 & -67 & -44 & -93 & -8 \\ -59 & 53.5 & 133 & 63 & 182 & 12 \\ -9 & 4.5 & -9 & 1 & -14 & 0 \\ -10 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 1 \\ -28 & 22 & 36 & 22 & 48 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A_1 = rref(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(a)  $A$  can be thought of as function from  $R^n$  to  $R^m$ . What are  $n$  and  $m$ ?

(b) Find a basis for  $\text{Nul}(A)$ .

(c) Suppose that  $A \cdot X = A \cdot Y$ . Show that  $X - Y \in \text{Nul}(A)$ .

(d) Find a basis for the  $\text{Col}(A)$ .

- (e) If the columns of  $A$  are not linearly independent, express one of the columns of  $A$  as a linear combination of the others.
- (f) Let  $X$  and  $B$  be the column vectors,  $X = [-1, 1, 2, 1, -3, 2]^T$  and  $B = [-16, -80.5, 46.5, 13, 8]^T$ , and that  $A \cdot X = B$ . Find all  $Y$  so that  $A \cdot Y = B$ .
8. (12) Label each of the following statements as True (T) or False (F).
- (a) If  $A$  and  $B$  have the same rref, then  $A = B$ . T or F
- (b) If  $A$  and  $B$  have the same inverse, then  $A = B$ . T or F
- (c) If the  $rref(A)$  has a pivot element in every row, then the columns of  $A$  are linearly independent. T or F
- (d)  $\{1, x, x^2, x^3, x^4\}$  is a basis for the vector space of polynomials of degree 4 or less. T or F
- (e) Every  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  is the product of  $n \times n$  elementary matrices. T or F
- (f) If  $A$  and  $B$  are invertible  $n \times n$  matrices, then  $A + B$  is invertible. T or F