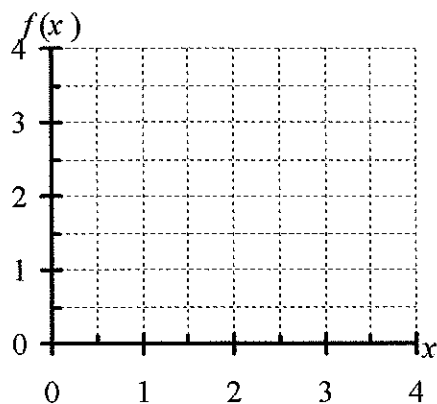


1. Consider the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & \text{for } x < 2 \\ -(x-2)^2 + 4 & \text{for } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$

(a) Graph this function as neatly and as accurately as possible.



(b) Find $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$. SHOW ALL WORK.

(c) Find $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$. SHOW ALL WORK.

(d) What is the value of $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$?

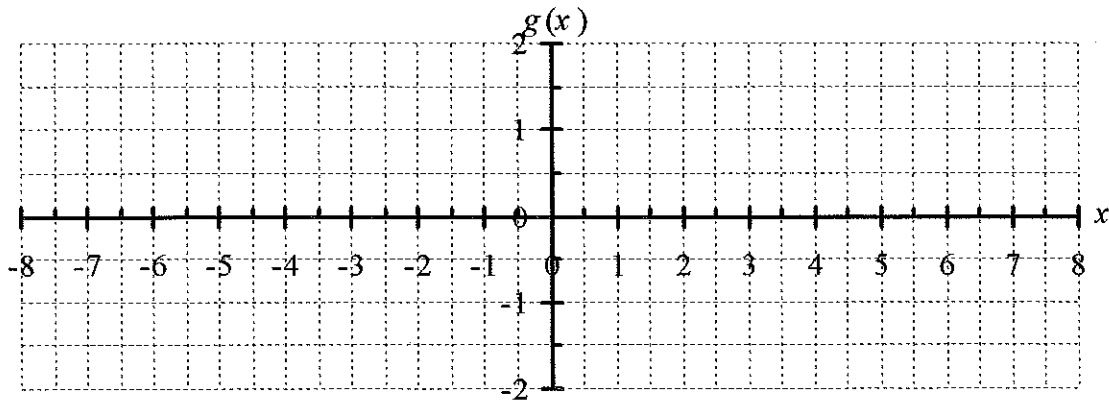
(e) What is $\frac{d}{dx}(f(2))$? Explain your answer.

(f) Is f continuous at $x = 2$?



2. Consider the function $g(x) = x^{1/3}$.

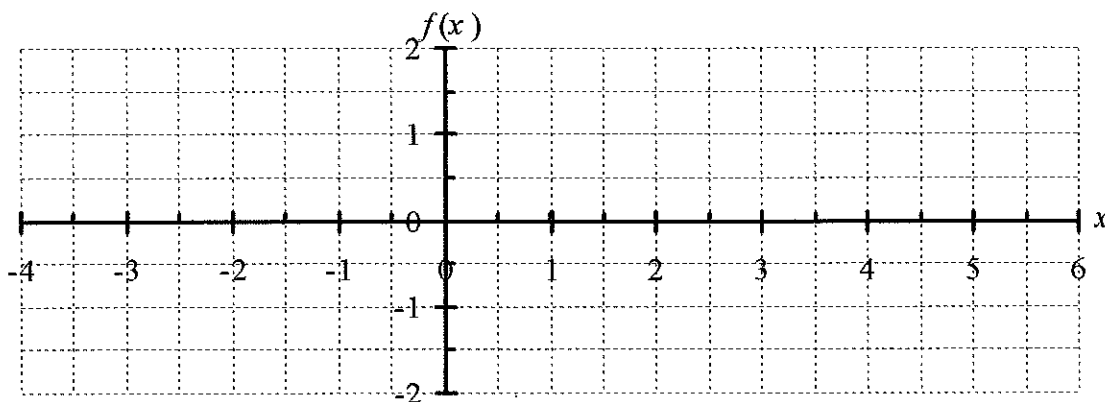
(a) Graph this function as neatly and as accurately as possible.



(b) Use the power rule to find $g'(0)$. SHOW ALL WORK.
Use the graph of $g(x)$ to explain why your answer is as it is.

(c) Is $g(x)$ continuous at $x = 0$?

3. On the grid below, sketch any function that is not continuous at $x = 2$.



Is your function differentiable at $x = 2$? Explain.