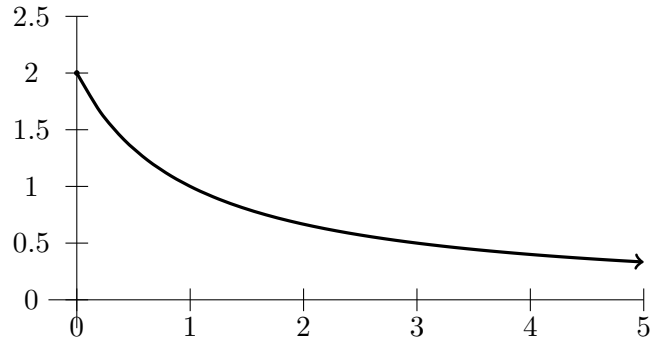


For the questions 1-3, the function  $s(t) = \frac{2}{t+1}$ , with domain  $t \geq 0$  gives the position (in meters) of an object at time  $t$  seconds.

1. The graph of  $y = s(t)$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 5$  is shown below.



On the graph, plot and label the following quantities:

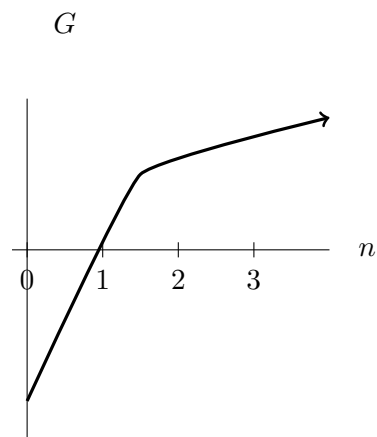
$$s(2), \quad s(2) - s(1), \quad \frac{s(2) - s(1)}{2 - 1}$$

What do these quantities represent?

2. Approximate  $s'(1)$ . You may use your calculator, but you must provide a table of values.

3. Compute  $s'(t)$  *exactly*, using the definition. You must show all algebraic steps for full credit.

4. Let's suppose that  $G(n)$  gives the **growth rate** of a population of wolves as a function of the number of prey available to them. The units of  $n$  are hundreds of prey, and the units of  $G(n)$  are **number of wolves per day**. Below is a possible graph of  $G(n)$ :



What do the following properties of  $G(n)$  mean in terms of the **actual wolf population**?

- $G(n) < 0$  for  $0 \leq n < 1$

- $G(200) = 5$