

# Section 6.3

## Examples

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We want to discuss what the following questions are actually asking you to do:

1. Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = \sqrt{x} + 5.$$

This means, find the family of functions,  $w(x)$ , whose derivative equals  $\sqrt{x} + 5$ .

Answer:  $w(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} + 5x + C$ .

2. Find the solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \csc^2 t + \frac{1}{t}, \quad x(1) = 5.$$

This means, find the specific function  $x(t)$  whose derivative equals  $\csc^2 t + \frac{1}{t}$  and passes through the point  $(1, 5)$ .

First, find the general solution:  $x(t) = -\cot t + \ln |t| + C$ , then plug in the point to find the constant of integration.

Answer:  $x(t) = -\cot t + \ln |t| + \cot 1 + 5$ .

3. Find the position function for an object if its velocity is given by

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -5t^2 + 3$$

and whose initial position is  $s(0) = 10$ .

This is the same as Problem 2. above, except it is in the form of an application.

First, find the general solution:  $s(t) = -\frac{5}{3}t^3 + 3t + C$ , then plug in the point to find the constant of integration.

Answer:  $s(t) = -\frac{5}{3}t^3 + 3t + 10$ .

4. Find the change in position of an object over the interval  $1 \leq t \leq 3$  if the velocity function is given by

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -5t^2 + 3.$$

This means, find the value of the definite integral

$$\int_1^3 (-5t^2 + 3) dt.$$

Notice the difference in what is being asked between this problem and Problem 3. above.

Answer:  $-\frac{112}{3}$ .