

# Section 3.8

## Examples

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Definitions:

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad \sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

1. Simplify the expression  $\sinh(\ln(2t))$ .
2. Using the definition, find  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\cosh(3t)}$ .
3. When a particular cable hangs between two poles located at  $x = -a$  and  $x = a$ , the shape is called a **catenary** and is given by  $f(x) = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$ . Find an expression for the sag (the difference between the highest and lowest points of the cable).
4. If you fall through a medium so that resistance is proportional to the square of your velocity, then the distance you fall as a function of time is given by  $x(t) = k \ln(\cosh(ct))$ .
  - (a) Find a formula for your velocity.
  - (b) What is the limiting value of your velocity?

## Solutions.

Definitions:

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad \sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

1. Simplify the expression  $\sinh(\ln(2t))$ .

$$\sinh(\ln(2t)) = \frac{e^{\ln(2t)} - e^{-\ln(2t)}}{2} = \frac{2t - \frac{1}{2t}}{2} = \frac{4t^2 - 1}{4t}.$$

2. Using the definition, find  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\cosh(3t)}$ .

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\cosh(3t)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{e^{3t} + e^{-3t}} = 0.$$

3. When a particular cable hangs between two poles located at  $x = -a$  and  $x = a$ , the shape is called a **catenary** and is given by  $f(x) = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$ . Find an expression for the sag (the difference between the highest and lowest points of the cable).

$$f(a) - f(0) = a \cosh(1) - a \cosh(0) = a (\cosh(1) - 1).$$

4. If you fall through a medium so that resistance is proportional to the square of your velocity, then the distance you fall as a function of time is given by  $x(t) = k \ln(\cosh(ct))$ .

- (a) Find a formula for your velocity.

$$x'(t) = k \frac{1}{\cosh(ct)} (\sinh(ct)) c = ck \tanh(ct).$$

- (b) What is the limiting value of your velocity?

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} ck \tanh(ct) = ck \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{ct} - e^{-ct}}{e^{ct} + e^{-ct}} = ck \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - e^{-2ct}}{1 + e^{-2ct}} = ck.$$