

4.4

$$\rightarrow 4) a) \log_2(8\sqrt{2}) = \log_2(2^3 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) = \log_2(2^{\frac{7}{2}}) = \boxed{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$b) \log_{\frac{1}{3}}\left(\frac{4}{25}\right) = \log_{\frac{1}{3}}\left(\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2\right) = \boxed{2}$$

$$c) \ln(e) = \log_e(e) = \log_e(e^1) = \boxed{1}$$

$$d) \log_4(-2), \text{ undefined}$$

$$6) a) 10^k = 7.5 \leftrightarrow \boxed{\log_{10}(7.5) = k}$$

$$b) e^{-2t} = m \rightarrow \boxed{\ln(m) = -2t}$$

$$\rightarrow 7) a) \log_5(2t) = M \rightarrow \boxed{5^M = 2t}$$

$$b) \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(4t) = 5 \rightarrow \boxed{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 = 4t}$$

$$9) a) \log 13.4 \approx \boxed{1.1271}$$

$$b) \log 0.0135 \approx \boxed{-1.8697}$$

$$c) \ln 8.4 \approx \boxed{2.1282}$$

$$d) \ln 0.075 \approx \boxed{-2.5903}$$

$$\rightarrow 14) a) \ln(2x^3) = \ln(2) + \ln(x^3) = \boxed{\ln(2) + 3\ln(x)}$$

$$b) \log\left(\frac{3v}{w^2}\right) = \log(3v) - \log(w^2) =$$

$$= \log(3) + \log(v) - \log(w^2)$$

$$= \boxed{\log(3) + \log(v) - 2\log(w)}$$

$$15) a) \ln(\sqrt{1-x}) = \ln((1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}}) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \ln(1-x)}$$

$$b) \log_2(\sqrt{x^2-9}) = \log_2((x^2-9)^{\frac{1}{2}}) = -\frac{1}{2} \log_2(x^2-9)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \log_2((x-3)(x+3))$$

$$= \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} \log(x-3) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x+3)}$$

$$\rightarrow 16) c) \log_{11}\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{x}{5}}\right) = \log_{11}\left(\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) = \frac{1}{3} \log_{11}\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{3} \log_{11}(x) - \frac{1}{3} \log_{11}(5)}$$

$$b) \ln\left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2-25}}\right) = \ln(x) - \ln((x-5)(x+5))^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \boxed{\ln(x) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x-5) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+5)}$$

$$19) a) 2 \log(a-3) - \log(a+4) = \log(a-3)^2 - \log(a+4)$$

$$= \boxed{\log\left(\frac{(a-3)^2}{(a+4)}\right)}$$

$$b) \log_2(x^2-3) - \log_2(y) - \log_2(z)$$

$$= \log_2\left(\frac{x^2-3}{y}\right) - \log_2(z) = \boxed{\log_2\left(\frac{x^2-3}{yz}\right)}$$

$$\rightarrow 22) a) \frac{1}{2} \ln(2y) + \ln(x^4 \cdot 4x) = \ln(\sqrt{2y}) + \ln(x^4 \cdot 4x)$$

$$= \boxed{\ln(\sqrt{2y} \cdot (x^4 \cdot 4x))}$$

$$b) \log(12z) + \frac{1}{3} \log(z) - \log(4z)$$

$$= \log(12z) + \log(\sqrt[3]{z}) - \log(4z)$$

$$= \log(12z \cdot \sqrt[3]{z}) - \log(4z)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{12z \cdot \sqrt[3]{z}}{4z}\right) = \boxed{\log(3 \sqrt[3]{z})}$$

23) a) $e^{\ln(5y)} = \boxed{5y}$
 b) $10^{1+\log x} = 10 \cdot 10^{\log x} = \boxed{10x}$
 c) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\log_2(4x)} = 2^{-\log_2(4x)} = 2^{\log_2\left(\frac{1}{4x}\right)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{4x}}$

27) $f(x) = \ln(x^2 - 16)$. The input of \ln needs to be positive, so:
 $x^2 - 16 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 16$
 $\rightarrow \boxed{x > 4, x < -4}$



x-intercept is $x=10$, over.
 vertical asymptote is $x=0$.



x-intercept is $x \approx 10.389$.
 vertical asymptote is $x=3$

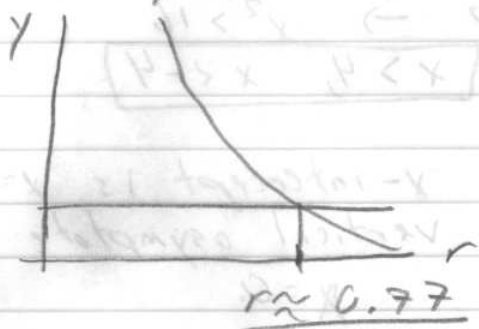
39) a) $\log_b(2x \cdot y) \stackrel{?}{=} \log_b(2x) + \log_b(y)$ False
 b) $\ln(a - b^2) \stackrel{?}{=} \ln(a) - \ln(b^2)$ False
 c) $\log\left(\frac{1}{5d}\right) \stackrel{?}{=} -\ln(5d)$ True
 d) $\log_e(10) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$ True

\rightarrow 42) a) $\frac{\log_b(y)}{\log_b(x)} \stackrel{?}{=} \log_b\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ False
 b) $\ln(x) \cdot \ln(y) \stackrel{?}{=} \ln(xy)$ False
 c) $\log_{1/2}(b) \stackrel{?}{=} -1$ True
 d) $\ln^2(3c) \stackrel{?}{=} (\ln c)^2$ False

$$49) N(r) = -5000 \ln r$$

$$a) N(.32) = -5000 \ln .32 \approx 5697 \text{ years}$$

$$b) P_0 + y = 1300 \text{ and } y = -5000 \ln r$$



$$53) dB = 10 \log I + 120$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) I = 10^{-10} &\rightarrow dB = 10 \log 10^{-10} + 120 \\ &= 10(-10) + 120 \\ &= -100 + 120 \\ &= \boxed{20} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) I = 10^3 &\rightarrow dB = 10 \log 10^3 + 120 \\ &= 10(3) + 120 \\ &= 30 + 120 \\ &= \boxed{150} \end{aligned}$$