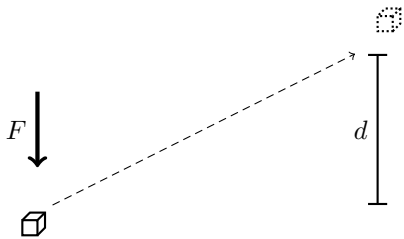
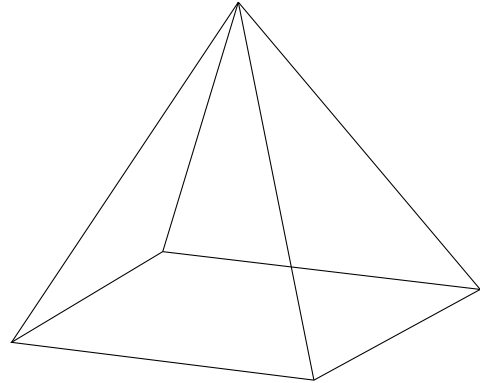


Unit 3: Sections 8.5 - 9.5

In Section 8.5, we are going to calculate the work done by moving a mass a particular distance in the presence of a known force. It has long been known that the work done by the force is the product of the force and the distance moved in the direction parallel to the force. In the seventeenth century, Isaac Newton demonstrated his new Mathematics by applying calculus to problems where the force (or the mass) was no longer constant.



Work in pairs to find the work done to build the Great Pyramid of Egypt. The pyramid is 410 feet high and has a square base of 755 feet by 755 feet. The stone making up the pyramid has a density of 200 pounds per cubic foot. (Hint: Think slices!)

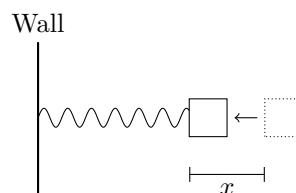


It is reported that the Great Pyramid of Egypt was built in 20 years. Make some reasonable assumptions on the amount of work that laborer can accomplish in a day to estimate the number of laborers needed to build the pyramid.

Understand	Know that the formula for work generalizes to $W = \int_a^b F(x) dx$.
Understand	Use SI units of force (newton, nt), distance (meter, m) and work (joule, j).
Understand	Use Imperial units of force (pound, lb), distance (foot, ft) and work (foot-pound, ft-lb).
Understand	Use the correct conversions to switch from SI units to Imperial units.
Apply	1a. Preserve constant displacement by slicing perpendicular to the direction of motion.
Apply	1b. Find the work done by a force when moving a single slice the required distance.
Apply	2a. Preserve constant force by slicing perpendicular to the force.
Apply	2b. Find the work done when a variable force moves a single slice and integrate over all slices.

1. Calculate the work done on an object when a force of 2 newtons moves it 12 meters.

3. Hooke's law states that the force F required to compress a spring by some distance x is given by $F = kx$, for some constant k .



Assume that a spring with spring constant $k = 8nt/m$ has already been compressed 0.1m. Estimate the work done in compressing the spring by a further Δx m.

2. Calculate the work an object does to move 4 feet when it's motion is opposed by an external force of 3 lb.

4. Find the work done when the spring is compressed from $x = .1m$ to $x = .3m$.

Quiz (Leave this space blank)