

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Homework 11

Section 9.1

1. (4) Find the first four terms of the sequence whose  $n^{\text{th}}$  term is given by  $(-1)^{n+1} \frac{3n}{n^2 + 4n + 7}$

2. (4) Find the first six terms of the recursively defined sequence  $s_1 = 1, s_2 = 3$ , and  $s_n = s_{n-1} + 2s_{n-2}$  for  $n > 2$ .

3. (8) For each of the sequences below, find a formula for the general term,  $a_n$ . Answers should not be recursive definitions.

(a)  $3, 6, 12, 24, 48, \dots$

(c)  $\frac{-1}{1}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{-5}{9}, \frac{7}{27}, \frac{-9}{81}, \dots$

(b)  $2, -2, 2, -2, 2, \dots$

(d)  $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{9}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{4}{81}, \frac{5}{243}, \dots$

4. (4) Determine whether the sequence converges or diverges, and if it converges, find the limit.

(a)  $a_n = \frac{n^2}{2^n}$

(b)  $b_n = 2^{-n+1} + 3$